Heartbleed Venafi TrustAuthority Directions

With Venafi TrustAuthority you have the ability to generate all new private keys and certificates. You can utilize this to help recover from the OpenSSL Heartbleed bug.

https://support.venafi.com/entries/51178636

General Steps:

- 1. Discover what Servers are at risk or vulnerable.
- $2. \quad \text{Locate them in the Policy tree and process them. } \\$
 - *Advised to replace all keys and certificates
- 3. Deliver the new keys and certificates to the applications they belong on.

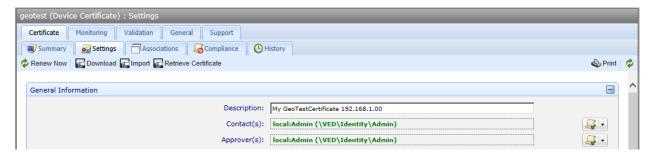
*Rotate keys

Note: Ensure your certificate does not have the "Reuse Private key" option selected

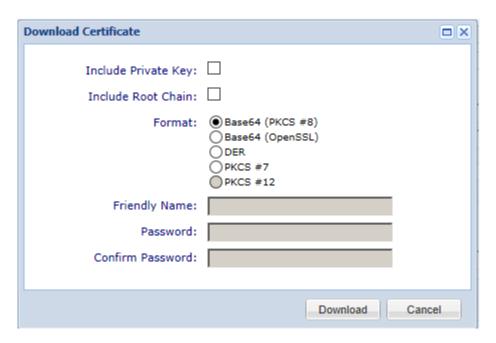


One at a time:

1. Press Renew one at a time on your certificate object



2. Download your renewed certificate and key.



3. Manually transport the certificate and key to your end application.

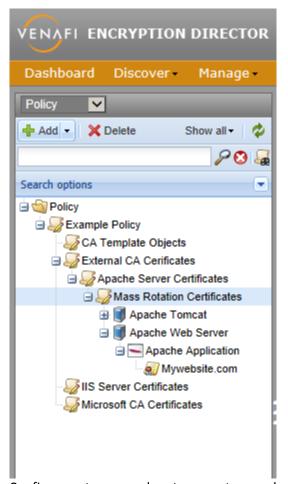
Mass rotation:

NOTE: Best practice is that certificates are only valid for 1 year or less

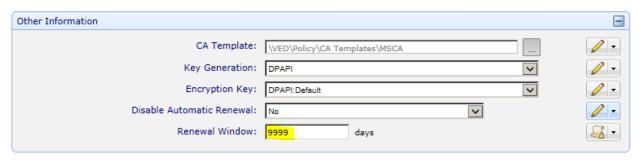
NOTE: May have to revoke first or set certs to replace. Depends on the CA (VeriSign)

1. Configure a policy object containing your keys to renew to auto renew in a quantity of days greater than your expiration date of certs. Default = 30 days

*Recommended to set at root Policy object to rotate all keys and certificates



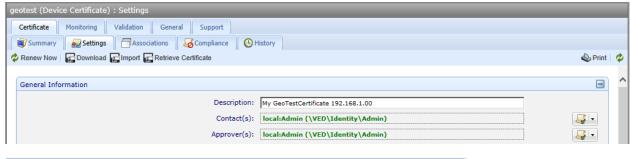
2. Configure auto renew days to a greater number than your expiration. Default = 30 days.



3. Restart your VED service to immediately initiate your processing.



4. Download your newly completed certificates and keys for manual distribution to applications.

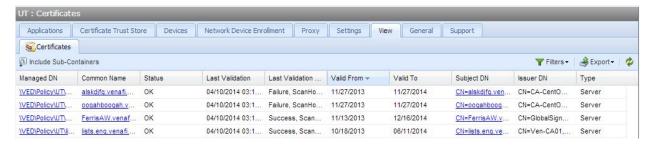




*Provide Key rotation evidence

How do you prove that you have rotated your keys?

1. View Certificate list within Policy tree Excel export check Valid from dates. If it is newer than your patch date you are good.



2. If someone does not get the new certificate out to the application and you do your nightly Validation. You will be alerted that your new certificate does not match the certificate out on the application and you can then take steps to correct it.

